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09/936,686	03/14/2002	John Robinson	7434-2	9238
7590 01/13/2004			EXAMINER	
Thomas Q Henry			WEINSTEIN, STEVEN L	
Woodard Emha	rdt Naughton Moriarty &	McNett		
Bank One Tower Suite 3700			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
111 Monument Circle			1761	0
Indianapolis, Il	N 46204		DATE MAILED: 01/13/2004	8

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No. Applicant(s)	1
A-m	09/936686 ROBIN	SON
Office Action Summary	Examiner Grou	Art Unit
	S.WEINSTEIN 17	61
-The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	rs on the cover sheet beneath the correspo	ondence address—
Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROI	M THE MAILING DATE
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by deference to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by see Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the retern adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days at, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the atute, cause the application to become ABANDONEI	will be considered timely- is communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status Responsive to communication(s) filed on	7/01	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
☐ This action is FINAL.	·	
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance exce accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 19		merits is closed in
Disposition of Claims		
Disposition of Claims Claim(s) 1-20	is/are pending	in the application.
Of the above claim(s)	is/are withdrav	wn from consideration.
□ Claim(s)	is/are allowed	•
(1) Claim(s) 1-20	is/are rejected	•
□ Claim(s)	is/are objected	d to.
□ Claim(s)		restriction or election
	requirement	
Application Papers ☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗆 approved 🗆 disapproved.	
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☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	cted to by the Examiner	
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	cted to by the Examiner under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d).	
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	cted to by the Examiner under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d). received.	
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	cted to by the Examiner under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d). received. received in Application No.	•
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☐ The drawing(s) filed on	under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d). received. received in Application No. ts have been received al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-328 (Rev. 11/00)

Part of Paper No.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Soughan (6,004,593) in view of Lehrer (5,885,633) further in view of Porzio et al (5,603,971) and Marmo (4,311,720), further in view of Holbradi et al (HU 39343), Newhall (5,094,860), Holzner et al (4,880,649), Soughan (5,932,260), Loizzi (5,043,172) Tucker et al (5,656,315) and Perzola et. al (5,518,742).

Soughan ('593) discloses a process for the flavoring of product to be infused comprising the steps of producing encapsulated particles of flavor and bonding the particles to a porous carrier. See eg. Col.3 Para. 4 of Soughan. Claim 1 differs from Soughan in the recitation that the flavor is applied by a metered printing process. Soughan appears to be silent in this regard. As evidenced by Lehrer, it is well established in the art to bond flavor to a porous carrier by employing a conventional printing process. See in this regard, Col.4, para.4 of Lehrer et al. To modify Soughan, if necessary, and substitute one conventional means to associate flavoring agent with a porous carrier for another conventional means to associate flavoring agent with a porous carrier for its art recognized and applicants intended function would have been obvious. Porzio et al and Marmo are relied on as further evidence of the conventionality of encapsulated flavor whereas Holbradi et al, Newhall, Holzner et al, Soughan ('260), Loizzi, Tucker et al and Pergola et al are all relied on as further evidence of associating flavoring with porous carriers. It is noted that the preamble of claim 1 is inconsistent with the body of the claim since the

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preamble calls for a process for flavoring a product to be infused but the body of the claim only

recites bonding flavor particles to a porous carrier that is not recited as containing a product and

does not have an infusing step or each associating the porous carrier to a product to be infused. A

tissue is a porous carrier. In regard to the dependent claims, the art taken as a whole teaches that

the carrier is cellulose based (claim 2); that polysaccharide, and specifically modified starch, and

more specifically n-octenyl succinate modified starch, (see eg. Porzio) is a conventional

encapsulating material for flavor, and that natural gums are also well known encapsulating

material for flavor (again, see Porzio). To modify the disclosure of flavor encapsulates of

Soughan ('593) and employ a conventional encapsulating material for its art recognized and

applicants intended function would therefore have been obvious. In regard to claims 3,7,8,9 and

10, which do not recite specific encapsulants, only properties of the encapsulants, since the art

taken as a whole teaches applicants disclosed and recited encapsulants are notoriously well

known, and have been used as flavor encapsulants, their use and their inherent properties would

therefore have been obvious. Claims 11-20, the article claims, are rejected for the reasons given

above.

The remainder of the references cited on the USPTO 892 form are cited as pertinent art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Exr. Steven Weinstein

whose telephone number is 571-272-1410.

S. Weinstein/lap

December 15, 2003

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